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SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name	:	Helix Ultra ECT C2/C3 0W-30
Product code	:	001F2651

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the Substance/Mixture	:	Engine oil.
Uses advised against	:	This product must not be used in applications other than those listed in Section 1 without first seeking the advice of the supplier.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer/Supplier Telephone Telefax	 Shell UK Oil Products Limited Shell Centre London SE1 7NA United Kingdom (+44) 08007318888
Email Contact for Safety Data Sheet	: If you have any enquiries about the content of this SDS please email lubricantSDS@shell.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

: +44-(0) 151-350-4595

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Not a hazardous substance or mixture.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Hazard pictograms	:	No Hazard Symbol required	
Signal word	:	No signal word	
Hazard statements	:		PHYSICAL HAZARDS: Not classified as a physical hazard

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		according to CLP criteria HEALTH HAZARDS: Not classified as a healt criteria. ENVIRONMENTAL HAZ Not classified as enviror according to CLP criteria	h hazard under CLP ZARDS: mental hazard
,	Prevention:	No precautionary phrase	es.
	Response: Storage:	No precautionary phrase	es.
	Disposal:	No precautionary phrase	

2.3 Other hazards

This mixture does not contain any REACH registered substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.

Used oil may contain harmful impurities.

Not classified as flammable but will burn.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

Chemical nature

 Synthetic base oil and additives. Highly refined mineral oil. The highly refined mineral oil contains <3% (w/w) DMSOextract, according to IP346. The highly refined mineral oil is only present as additive diluent.

Hazardous components

Chemical name	CAS-No. EC-No. Registration number	Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)	Concentration [%]
Alkaryl amine	36878-20-3 253-249-4 / 01- 2119488911-28	Aquatic Chronic4; H413	1-3
Distillates (Fischer - Tropsch), heavy, C18- 50 – branched, cyclic and linear	848301-69-9 482-220-0 / 01- 0000020163-82	Asp. Tox.1; H304	0 - 90

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For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures General advice : Not expected to be a health hazard when used under normal conditions. Protection of first-aiders : When administering first aid, ensure that you are wearing the appropriate personal protective equipment according to the incident, injury and surroundings. If inhaled : No treatment necessary under normal conditions of use. If symptoms persist, obtain medical advice. In case of skin contact : Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed area with water and follow by washing with soap if available. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention. : Flush eye with copious quantities of water. In case of eye contact If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention. If swallowed : In general no treatment is necessary unless large quantities are swallowed, however, get medical advice. 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed : Oil acne/folliculitis signs and symptoms may include formation Symptoms of black pustules and spots on the skin of exposed areas. Ingestion may result in nausea, vomiting and/or diarrhoea. 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed Treatment : Notes to doctor/physician: Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media 5.2 Special hazards arising from	dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.Unsuitable extinguishing: Do not use water in a jet.		
Specific hazards during firefighting	:	Hazardous combustion products may include: A complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates and gases (smoke). Carbon monoxide may be evolved if incomplete	

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5.3 Advice for firefighters	combustion occurs. Unidentified org compounds.	anic and inorganic
Special protective equipment for firefighters	: Proper protective equipment includir gloves are to be worn; chemical resi large contact with spilled product is Breathing Apparatus must be worn a confined space. Select fire fighter's relevant Standards (e.g. Europe: El	stant suit is indicated if expected. Self-Contained when approaching a fire in s clothing approved to
Specific extinguishing methods	: Use extinguishing measures that are circumstances and the surrounding	e appropriate to local

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions	 6.1.1 For non emergency personnel: Avoid contact with skin and eyes. 6.1.2 For emergency responders: Avoid contact with skin and eyes. 	
	Ş	

6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions	: Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Prevent from spreading or entering drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers.
	l ocal authorities should be advised if significant spillages

Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

suitable material and dispose of properly.
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6.4 Reference to other sections

For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Chapter 8 of this Safety Data Sheet., For guidance on disposal of spilled material see Chapter 13 of this Safety Data Sheet.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

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General Precautions	 Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of vapours, mists or aerosols. Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk assessment of local circumstances to help determine appropriate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of this material. 				
7.1 Precautions for safe handling	g				
Advice on safe handling	: Avoid prolonged or repeated contact Avoid inhaling vapour and/or mists. When handling product in drums, sa worn and proper handling equipmen Properly dispose of any contaminate materials in order to prevent fires.	fety footwear should be t should be used.			
Product Transfer	: This material has the potential to be Proper grounding and bonding proce during all bulk transfer operations.				
7.2 Conditions for safe storage,	including any incompatibilities				
Other data	: Keep container tightly closed and in place. Use properly labeled and clos				
	Store at ambient temperature.				
	Refer to section 15 for any additiona covering the packaging and storage				
	The storage of this product may be s Pollution (Oil Storage) (England) Re guidance may be obtained from the agency office.	gulations. Further			
Packaging material	: Suitable material: For containers or steel or high density polyethylene. Unsuitable material: PVC.	container linings, use mild			
Container Advice	: Polyethylene containers should not l temperatures because of possible ris				
7.3 Specific end use(s)					
Specific use(s)	: Not applicable				

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

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Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters	Basis
Oil mist, mineral		TWA	5 mg/m3	US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Biological occupational exposure limits

No biological limit allocated.

Monitoring Methods

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate.

Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples analysed by an accredited laboratory.

Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available.

National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Methods http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods http://www.osha.gov/

Health and Safety Executive (HSE), UK: Methods for the Determination of Hazardous Substances http://www.hse.gov.uk/

Institut für Arbeitsschutz Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IFA), Germany http://www.dguv.de/inhalt/index.jsp

L'Institut National de Recherche et de Securité, (INRS), France http://www.inrs.fr/accueil

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering measures The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances. Appropriate measures include: Adequate ventilation to control airborne concentrations.

Where material is heated, sprayed or mist formed, there is greater potential for airborne concentrations to be generated.

General Information:

Define procedures for safe handling and maintenance of controls.

Educate and train workers in the hazards and control measures relevant to normal activities associated with this product.

Ensure appropriate selection, testing and maintenance of equipment used to control exposure, e.g. personal protective equipment, local exhaust ventilation.

Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance.

Retain drain downs in sealed storage pending disposal or subsequent recycle.

Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing hands after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Discard contaminated clothing and footwear that cannot be cleaned. Practice good housekeeping.

Personal protective equipment

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	made in consideration of the PPE direct European Committee for Standardisatior	
Personal protective equipm PPE suppliers.	ent (PPE) should meet recommended na	ational standards. Check with
Eye protection	: If material is handled such that it of protective eyewear is recommence Approved to EU Standard EN166	led.
Hand protection		
Remarks	: Where hand contact with the proc gloves approved to relevant stand US: F739) made from the followin suitable chemical protection. PVC gloves Suitability and durability of usage, e.g. frequency and duratio resistance of glove material, dexte from glove suppliers. Contaminate replaced. Personal hygiene is a k care. Gloves must only be worn o gloves, hands should be washed Application of a non-perfumed mo	dards (e.g. Europe: EN374, ag materials may provide c, neoprene or nitrile rubber a glove is dependent on on of contact, chemical erity. Always seek advice ed gloves should be ey element of effective hand on clean hands. After using and dried thoroughly.
	For continuous contact we recom breakthrough time of more than 2 for > 480 minutes where suitable short-term/splash protection we re recognize that suitable gloves offer may not be available and in this c time maybe acceptable so long as and replacement regimes are follor a good predictor of glove resistan dependent on the exact composit Glove thickness should be typical depending on the glove make and	40 minutes with preference gloves can be identified. For ecommend the same, but ering this level of protection ase a lower breakthrough s appropriate maintenance owed. Glove thickness is not ce to a chemical as it is ion of the glove material. ly greater than 0.35 mm
Skin and body protection	 Skin protection is not ordinarily re work clothes. It is good practice to wear chemic 	
Respiratory protection	 No respiratory protection is ordina conditions of use. In accordance with good industria precautions should be taken to av If engineering controls do not mai concentrations to a level which is health, select respiratory protection specific conditions of use and me 	al hygiene practices, void breathing of material. Intain airborne adequate to protect worker on equipment suitable for the
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	Check with respiratory protective equipm Where air-filtering respirators are suitab appropriate combination of mask and filt Select a filter suitable for combined part and vapours [Type A/Type P boiling poin meeting EN14387 and EN143.	le, select an ter. iculate/organic gases		
Thermal hazards	Not applicable			
Hygiene measures	Exposure to this product should be redu reasonably practicable. Reference shou Health and Safety Executive's publication Essentials".	ld be made to the		
Environmental exposure cont	rols			
General advice	 Take appropriate measures to fulfill the relevant environmental protection legisla contamination of the environment by foll Chapter 6. If necessary, prevent undiss being discharged to waste water. Waste treated in a municipal or industrial waste before discharge to surface water. Local guidelines on emission limits for vemust be observed for the discharge of e vapour. 	ation. Avoid lowing advice given in solved material from e water should be e water treatment plant olatile substances		

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	: liquid
Colour	: Pale amber
Odour	: Slight hydrocarbon
Odour Threshold	: Data not available
рН	: Not applicable
pour point	: -51 °C (100.0 hPa) Method: ASTM D97
Initial boiling point and boiling range	: > 280 °Cestimated value(s)
Flash point	: 226 °C Method: ASTM D92

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Evaporation rate	: Data not available	
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Data not available	
Upper explosion limit	: Typical 10 %(V)	
Lower explosion limit	: Typical 1 %(V)	
Vapour pressure	: < 0.5 Pa (20 °C) estimated value(s)	
Relative vapour density	: > 1estimated value(s)	
Relative density	: 0.838 (15 °C)	
Density	: 838.0 kg/m3 (15.0 °C) Method: ASTM D4052	
Solubility(ies)		
Water solubility	: negligible	
Solubility in other solvents	: Data not available	
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Pow: > 6(based on information on similar	products)
Auto-ignition temperature	: > 320 °C	
Viscosity		
Viscosity, dynamic	: Data not available	
Viscosity, kinematic	: 11.9 mm2/s (100 °C) Method: ASTM D445	
Explosive properties	: Not classified	
Oxidizing properties	: Data not available	
9.2 Other information		
Conductivity	: This material is not expected to be a static	c accumulator.
Decomposition temperature	: Data not available	

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

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The product does not pose any further reactivity hazards in addition to those listed in the following sub-paragraph.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable.

No hazardous reaction is expected when handled and stored according to provisions

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions	: Reacts with strong oxidising agents.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	
Conditions to avoid	: Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.
10.5 Incompatible materials	
Materials to avoid	: Strong oxidising agents.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition	:	Hazardous decomposition products are not expected to form
products		during normal storage.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

	Basis for assessment	:	Information given is based on data on the components and the toxicology of similar products.Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).
	Information on likely routes of exposure	:	Skin and eye contact are the primary routes of exposure although exposure may occur following accidental ingestion.
Acu	te toxicity		
	Product:		
	Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 rat: > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Expected to be of low toxicity:
	Acute inhalation toxicity	:	Remarks: Not considered to be an inhalation hazard under normal conditions of use.
	Acute dermal toxicity	:	LD50 Rabbit: > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Expected to be of low toxicity:

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

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Remarks: Expected to be slightly irritating., Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

Remarks: Expected to be slightly irritating.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Product:

Remarks: For respiratory and skin sensitisation:, Not expected to be a sensitiser.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Product:

: Remarks: Not considered a mutagenic hazard.

Carcinogenicity

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be carcinogenic.

Material	GHS/CLP Carcinogenicity Classification
Highly refined mineral oil	No carcinogenicity classification.

Reproductive toxicity

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to impair fertility., Not expected to be a developmental toxicant.

STOT - single exposure

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be a hazard.

STOT - repeated exposure

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be a hazard.

Aspiration toxicity

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Product:

Not considered an aspiration hazard.

Further information

Product:

Remarks: Used oils may contain harmful impurities that have accumulated during use. The concentration of such impurities will depend on use and they may present risks to health and the environment on disposal., ALL used oil should be handled with caution and skin contact avoided as far as possible.

Remarks: Continuous contact with used engine oils has caused skin cancer in animal tests.

Remarks: Slightly irritating to respiratory system.

Remarks: Classifications by other authorities under varying regulatory frameworks may exist.

Summary on evaluation of the CMR properties

Germ cell mutagenicity- Assessment	:	This product does not meet the criteria for classification in categories 1A/1B.
Carcinogenicity - Assessment	:	This product does not meet the criteria for classification in categories 1A/1B.
Reproductive toxicity - Assessment	:	This product does not meet the criteria for classification in categories 1A/1B.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Basis for assessment	 Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specifically for this product. Information given is based on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products. Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).(LL/EL/IL50 expressed as the nominal amount of product required to prepare aqueous test extract).
<u>Product:</u>	
Toxicity to fish (Acute toxicity)	: Remarks: Expected to be practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l

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Toxicity to crustacean (Acute toxicity)	: Remarks: Expected to be practically r LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l	non toxic:
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants (Acute toxicity)	: Remarks: Expected to be practically r LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l	non toxic:
Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)	: Remarks: Data not available	
Toxicity to crustacean (Chronic toxicity)	: Remarks: Data not available	
Toxicity to microorganisms (Acute toxicity)	: Remarks: Data not available	

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product:

Biodegradability	: Remarks: Expected to be not readily biodegradable., Major
	constituents are expected to be inherently biodegradable, but
	contains components that may persist in the environment.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

12.0	bioaccumulative potential		
	Product:		
	Bioaccumulation	:	Remarks: Contains components with the potential to bioaccumulate.
	Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Pow: > 6Remarks: (based on information on similar products)
12.4	4 Mobility in soil		
	Product:		
	Mobility	:	Remarks: Liquid under most environmental conditions., If it enters soil, it will adsorb to soil particles and will not be mobile.
12.5	5 Results of PBT and vPvB ass	es	ssment
	Product:		
	Assessment	:	This mixture does not contain any REACH registered substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.
12.6	Other adverse effects		
	Product:		
	Additional ecological information	:	Product is a mixture of non-volatile components, which are not expected to be released to air in any significant quantities., Not expected to have ozone depletion potential, photochemical ozone creation potential or global warming potential. Poorly soluble mixture., May cause physical fouling of aquatic

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organisms.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods	
Product :	Waste product should not be allowed to contaminate soil or ground water, or be disposed of into the environment. Waste, spills or used product is dangerous waste.
	Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations. Local regulations may be more stringent than regional or national requirements and must be complied with.
Contaminated packaging	Dispose in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably to a recognized collector or contractor. The competence of the collector or contractor should be established beforehand. Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations.

Local legislation

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number	
ADR	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
RID	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
IMDG	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
ΙΑΤΑ	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
14.2 Proper shipping name	
ADR	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
RID	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
IMDG	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
ΙΑΤΑ	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
14.3 Transport hazard class	
ADR	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
RID	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
IMDG	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
ΙΑΤΑ	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
14.4 Packing group	
ADR	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
RID	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
IMDG	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
ΙΑΤΑ	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
14.5 Environmental hazards	

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ADR RID IMDG	 Not regulated as a dangerous good Not regulated as a dangerous good Not regulated as a dangerous good 	
14.6 Special precautions for use	r	
Remarks	: Special Precautions: Refer to Chapter for special precautions which a user no needs to comply with in connection with	eeds to be aware of or
14.7 Transport in bulk according	g to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IE	3C Code
Pollution category Ship type Product name Special precautions	 Not applicable Not applicable Not applicable Not applicable 	
Additional Information	: MARPOL Annex 1 rules apply for bulk	shipments by sea.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

REACH - List of substances subject to authorisation	:	Product is not subject to
(Annex XIV)		Authorisation under REACH.

Volatile organic compounds : 0 %

Other regulations

: Environmental Protection Act 1990 (as amended). Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974. Consumers Protection Act 1987. Pollution Prevention and Control Act 1999. Environment Act 1995. Factories Act 1961. The Carriage of Dangerous Goods and Use of Transportable Pressure Equipment (Amendment) Regulations 2011. Chemicals (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) Regulations 2009. Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002 (as amended). Merchant Shipping (Dangerous Goods and Marine Pollutants) Regulations 1997. Reporting of Injuries, Diseases and Dangerous Occurrences Regulations 1995 (as amended). Personal Protective Equipment Regulations 2002. Personal Protective Equipment at Work Regulations 1992. Hazardous Waste (England and Wales) Regulations 2005(as amended). Control of Major Accident Hazards Regulations 1999 (as amended). Renewable Transport Fuel Obligations Order 2007 (as amended). Energy Act 2011. Environmental Permitting (England and Wales) Regulations 2010 (as amended). Waste (England and Wales) Regulations 2011 (as amended). Planning (Hazardous Substances) Act 1990 and associated regulations. The Environmental Protection (Controls on Ozone-Depleting Substances) Regulations 2011.

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The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

EINECS/ELINCS/EC	:	All components listed or polymer exempt.
TSCA	:	All components listed.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance/mixture by the supplier.

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of H-Statemen H304 H413	n ts May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.					
Full text of other abbre	Full text of other abbreviations					
Aquatic Chronic Asp. Tox. Abbreviations and Acro	Chronic aquatic toxicity Aspiration hazard nyms : The standard abbreviations and acronyms used in this document can be looked up in reference literature (e.g. scientific dictionaries) and/or websites. ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists ADR = European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road AICS = Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances ASTM = American Society for Testing and Materials BEL = Biological exposure limits BTEX = Benzene, Toluene, Ethylbenzene, Xylenes CAS = Chemical Abstracts Service CEFIC = European Chemical Industry Council CLP = Classification Packaging and Labelling COC = Cleveland Open-Cup DIN = Deutsches Institut fur Normung DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level DSL = Canada Domestic Substance List EC = European Commission EC50 = Effective Concentration fifty ECETOC = European Chemicals Agency EINECS = The European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances EL50 = Effective Loading fifty ENCS = Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances Inventory					

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	EWC = European Waste Code GHS = Globally Harmonised Syster Labelling of Chemicals IARC = International Agency for Re IATA = International Air Transport A IC50 = Inhibitory Concentration fifty IL50 = Inhibitory Level fifty IMDG = International Maritime Dang INV = Chinese Chemicals Inventory IP346 = Institute of Petroleum test determination of polycyclic aromatic KECI = Korea Existing Chemicals In LC50 = Lethal Concentration fifty LD50 = Lethal Concentration fifty LD50 = Lethal Loading/Effective LL50 = Lethal Loading fifty MARPOL = International Conventio Pollution From Ships NOEC/NOEL = No Observed Effect Observed Effect Level OE_HPV = Occupational Exposure PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative PICCS = Philippine Inventory of Chr Substances PNEC = Predicted No Effect Conce REACH = Registration Evaluation A Chemicals RID = Regulations Relating to Intern Dangerous Goods by Rail SKIN_DES = Skin Designation STEL = Short term exposure limit TRA = Targeted Risk Assessment TSCA = US Toxic Substances Cont TWA = Time-Weighted Average vPvB = very Persistent and very Bic	search on Cancer Association gerous Goods (method N° 346 for the cs DMSO-extractables hventory Loading/Inhibitory loading n for the Prevention of t Concentration / No - High Production Volume and Toxic emicals and Chemical entration And Authorisation Of national Carriage of
Further information		
Other information	 No Exposure Scenario annex is atta sheet. It is a non-classified mixture substances as detailed in Section 3 Exposure Scenarios for the hazardo have been integrated into the core s 	containing hazardous ; relevant information from ous substances contained
	A vertical bar () in the left margin in from the previous version	dicates an amendment

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.

from the previous version.

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